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MORE ELEGANT EXTRACTS!

On the first page of *Fr. Jordan's Inquirer*, appear a number of extracts, or what purport to be extracts, from former issues of the *Gazette*.—Some of these are so mutilated and garbled that they are made to convey an entirely different meaning from that which they were intended to represent, and are made to refer to other persons than those adverted to in the originals. For instance, in the last batch of these extracts, an article of ours is made to refer to Mr. Douglas, by the interpolation, in brackets, of the words "Stephen A. Douglas & Co." This is a *DELIBERATE FORGERY* upon our article and shows the extremity to which those noisy politicians are driven to make capital for their party. As a set-off to these extracts we publish below a string of pearls from Jordan's organ, pure as they came from the shell and without any alteration or mutilation to suit our purposes. They will serve to show the esteem in which Mr. Jordan held Mr. Douglas in 1858, and how excellent a Democrat, he was then considered by the Opposition.

From Jordan's Inquirer, Jan 1, 1858.

The Gazette is doing all in its power to keep its readers in the dark on the affairs of Kansas. It will not let its readers see the truth. Why does it not publish the whole of the letter of Gov. Walker, resigning the office of Governor of Kansas? Why does it not publish the speeches of Stephen A. Douglas, the author of the Kansas-Nebraska bill, on the same subject?—And why does it not publish any of the editorials of John W. Forney, in regard to the affairs of Kansas? Are they not sufficiently Democratic to let their views be known to the people? Your party friends, Mr. Gazette, want light on this great question which is now agitating the country, and you refuse to give them the views of your own party men. Do you love darkness rather than light, because your deeds are evil?

So delighted was Mr. Jordan with the statesmanship and great abilities of Mr. Douglas, that in the same number of his paper from which the above is taken, he published the following glowing description of the "Little Giant:"

Douglas on the Senate Floor.

The Washington correspondent of the Independent, gives the following vivid description of the "Little Giant" when under full headway:

He is very short in stature, but of such physical proportions, aside from this lack, as instantly to attract the attention of a stranger. A very large head, connected with broad and powerful built shoulders by a short, full neck; a chest sufficiently roomy to contain the lungs of a giant, and a pair of short dumpy legs, complete the physical picture of the "Little Giant," if we except the broad Websterian brow, and the deep set, cavernous eyes that sparkle and glow when excited, like miners' lamps beneath it. It is the tremendous brain power, lodged in that perpendicular precipice of a forehead, and shooting out its fires from its shadowy eye, that has given him the sobriquet which he will carry to his grave.—When excited and in full flow of debate, that massive head rolls and shakes with the emphasis of his thought, and the huge hand doubles until the nails indent the palm, or else the broad open hand receives the blow of its mate and italicises the sentence with a stunning report. The sweat pours from him profusely, and falls from his head or is thrown clear off his shoulders by those inimical shakes of the head, as the rain drops are shaken from the tree by a storm. Add to this a thick bushy head of hair, and a restless, uneasy feeling, which prevents his being at rest for five consecutive minutes, and keeps him moving from one point to another in the Senate Chamber, and my picture of the "Little Giant" is complete.

Again, in the course of an editorial on a Democratic meeting held in the Court House in February, 1858, Mr. Jordan says:

The meeting was a sad blunder from the beginning. No one will presume to deny that up to the night of this meeting there were not 20 Douglas men in the county, *AND NOW THEY ARE IN THE MAJORITY. YOU CAN HARDLY MEET A DEMOCRAT WHO DOES NOT SUSTAIN MR. DOUGLAS.*

And again in a selected article, Mr. Jordan holds forth as follows:

Douglas sustains Walker in his desire to give "fair play," and he has lost his position in the Buchanan party; for, to be in good standing there it is necessary to approve fraud and violence, and stand by forgers and ballot box-stuffers.

Douglas, according to Mr. Jordan, was then in the right. He was a pure and upright statesman. He was, then, a most exemplary politician and an entirely orthodox Democrat. Why then, does not Mr. Jordan continue to speak of Mr. Douglas in this strain? What has come over the spirit of his political dreams? Reader we can tell you: STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS IS THE NOMINEE OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY; THE MAN PUT FORWARD BY THE DEMOCRACY TO BEAT LINCOLN. That accounts for the sour milk in Jordan's cocoa-nut. Whenever garbled and altered extracts from the *Gazette* appear in his organ hereafter, the people will know the reason why.

More Douglas Thunder!

☞The New York *Express* says: "Several leading Tennesseans, now in this city, are perfectly certain that the Breckinridge and Lane ticket can make no great progress in that State."

☞Col. Wm. H. Carroll has been removed from the Post-Office at Memphis Tenn., and the place has been given to M. C. Galloway, the editor of *The Avalanche*. Col. Carroll's offence was his support of Douglas.

☞*A voice from Alabama.*—The Troy *Advertiser*, published at Troy, Pike county, Ala., heretofore the most zealous fire-eating paper, changes its position, and hoists the names of Douglas and Johnson.

☞A large Douglas meeting was held in Baltimore on Monday evening. A letter was read from Fernando Wood strongly endorsing Douglas as the nominee of the regular National Democratic Convention.

☞*A Douglas Elector in Virginia.*—Henry S. Hopkins, the Democratic Presidential elector in the Second Congressional district of Virginia, in a letter to the Richmond *Enquirer*, says he shall support, and will vote for, Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson.

☞A Douglas State Convention is called at Milledgeville, Georgia, July 24th. Governor Johnson, the candidate for Vice President, will probably be present, and will afterwards stump Georgia, as Breckinridge did Kentucky in 1856.

☞*Douglas in Alabama.*—The Huntsville *Advocate*, by far the ablest and most influential of the two Democratic papers in that city, runs up the Douglas flag, and ably defends its champions. The Yancey ticket is more unpopular in that gentleman's own State than in any other South of Mason and Dixon's line, except perhaps Georgia, where he is equally well known as a disunionist and agitator.—*Richmond Whig.*

☞The Virginia Herald says that a majority of the Democracy of Spottsylvania county, Virginia, are for Douglas and Johnson.

☞*Douglas Meeting at Trenton, N. J.*—TRENTON, N. J., July 12.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Douglas Democracy was held in the Third and Fourth Wards of this city, this evening, to appoint delegates to the State Convention.

Resolutions were adopted, strongly denouncing any union with the Breckinridge wing, and instructing the delegates appointed to vote for no man for elector who will not unqualifiedly and in good faith sustain the nominations of Douglas and Johnson.

☞There are nine papers in Massachusetts supporting Breckinridge for the Presidency, and every one of them is conducted by an office-holder under the General Government.

☞*Douglas movement in Virginia.—An Electoral ticket to be nominated.*—RICHMOND, Va., July 12.—It is currently reported that the friends of Mr. Douglas will call a State Convention, to be held at Staunton, at which a distinct electoral ticket will be nominated.

☞The Geneva *Gazette*, one of the most ultra "Hard" and Dickinson papers in the State, hoists the DOUGLAS & JOHNSON flag with a hearty good will.

☞The New York *Sunday Atlas*, whose editor is a Naval Storekeeper, has come out for DOUGLAS & JOHNSON. Mr. Herrick shows his independence in taking this course.

☞The Oswego *Gazette* comes out for Douglas and Johnson. This is a bold move on the part of Mr. Beebe who is Postmaster at Oswego.

☞The New York *Sunday Times*, which at first, squinted towards the secession candidates, has got back "on the fence," and looks rather to the North side of it. The "Mercury and Courier," are "neutral" with "Popular Sovereignty" sympathies.

☞All the Democratic papers in New Hampshire sustain the nomination of Mr. Douglas.

☞DOUGLAS IN TENNESSEE.—The Shelbyville True American is out strong for Douglas. It says: Yancey has nearly consummated his hellish purpose—but in the spirit of patriotism, in the spirit of God and our country, we intend to appeal for its rebuke.

☞BROADHEAD FOR THE NOMINEE.—The Hon. Richard Brodhead, declared at the Democratic meeting held in Easton, last week, that he felt bound to stand by the nominee of the Democratic National Convention—Stephen A. Douglas. Just what we expected of that reliable old Democrat.

☞GEN. NOELL OF MISSOURI.—Gen. Noell, member of Congress from Missouri, puts himself fairly and squarely in favor of Mr. DOUGLAS, and will work zealously for his election.

☞MASSACHUSETTS.—The Greenfield Democrat and Lawrence Sentinel, two papers that started out for Breckinridge and disunion, have hauled down that flag and run up the banner of the Democratic nominees—DOUGLAS & JOHNSON. The editor of the Sentinel, though a federal office holder, says that he cannot and will not repudiate regular nominations, or defy the popular sentiment of his own county.

☞DOUGLAS IN MISSISSIPPI.—The Corinth, Mississippi, True Democrat, supports Douglas and Johnson. In that State there will be but two tickets—Douglas and Johnson and the Disunion ticket. The canvass has already commenced, the Hon. B. N. Kenyon, for DOUGLAS, and Gov. Matthews, for the Disunionists, opened the campaign at Corinth on the 28th of June.

New York; where she stands.

A recent number of the Albany *Argus*, the leading Democratic paper in New York, referring to the crisis into which the Democracy of the country has been forced by the action of the seceders at Baltimore, makes the following remarks, which are worthy of the consideration of every Democratic voter:

"For many years the heat and burden of sustaining the Democratic side of the issue in our national political conflicts has fallen upon the Democrats of the North. In all the fierce contests connected with the subject of slavery we of the Northern Democracy have stood in the thickest part of the fight, and received the brunt of the onslaught, and defended at many sacrifices the constitutional rights of our Southern brethren. By our devotion to their interests, as involved in the political issues of the day, we have lost the power and patronage of our State governments, and been torn under the harrow of Republicanism.

"We have met these reverses cheerfully, and borne up manfully and bravely in a contest full of the gravest discouragements, and involving self-denying, persistent and exhausting labors. We of the Northern Democracy believed that, in thus standing shoulder to shoulder with Southern Democrats we upheld the constitution and battled for rights secured to them by that instrument. So long as our Southern friends only demanded what the constitution concedes Northern Democrats were prepared to encounter every peril and common cause with them. We were ready to face even the cannon's mouth to secure for them perfect equality of rights with us, both of person and property, in every part of the jurisdiction of the Union.

"But, in an evil hour, our Southern brethren have refused to be content with mere equality. They made an impractible issue—one at which the manhood and self-espect of the North revolts. They demand that the Federal government shall assume the special occupation of watching their negroes in the Territories. We are willing that their property shall stand upon the same footing, receive precisely the same protection, and surrounded in all respects by the same guarantees, as our own; but we are not willing to assume the special occupation of overseers, and cast upon Congress the invidious duty of protecting slave property in enacting slave codes, while excluding all other property in the Territories from its guardianship, and while, indeed, no other property demands its interposition.

"Our Southern brethren have asked the Democrats of the nation to go one step too far, and they deliberately, in National Convention assembled, refused to take that step. For this refusal, a portion of the ultra men of the South have bolted—seceded from the National Convention, and set up a disorganizing ticket, in opposition to the regular Democratic nominees. Of course this unreasonable demand will meet with substantially no encouragement among the Democrats of the North. They will act with nearly perfect unanimity in support of the nomnees of the regular National Convention, and find themselves standing upon a platform, which will enable them now and hereafter, to fight a brave battle, and win success in their own localities, and to have power and position at home.

"The venue of the conflict is changed. The struggle for self preservation and success at home, under the pressure of current national issues, has been transferred from the North to the South. The entire justice and reasonableness of the National Democratic platform of non-intervention will command the approval and support of moderate and conservative men at the South. They will rally upon it and the seceders will have quite enough to do to take care of themselves at home, and are very likely in due time to have a better appreciation of the trials which the Northern Democracy have for many years encountered."

The Republicans and the Tariff.

We copy the following article on the tariff from the New York *Evening Post*, the representative of a large body of Republicans in New York, and second only to the *Tribune* in general influence.

The *Post* has repeatedly charged that the Republicans of the House did not vote their honest convictions by passing this bill, but were influenced entirely by policy. From the course of the *Post*, we may learn what would be the action of the Republicans on this question, if they should become responsible for the legislation of Congress, and compelled to vote in accordance with their honest convictions. A late number of this paper says:

"It is said that the Committee on Finance in the Senate, to whom was referred the new Tariff bill, comonly called Morrill's bill—a measure, we must say, almost as dsgraceful to its author as the one called the English bill—have concluded to report it with a recommendation that it be postponed to the next session. This is altogether the best thing that could be done with it. To ask the Senate to vote upon it understandingly, at this late day of the session, is as absurd as to insist that a tyro in the languages shall learn to speak Greek in twenty-four hours. So complicated and confused is Morill's bill, such a jumble of specific and *ad valorem* duties, laying both on the same commodities; such a mass of disguised prohibitions, some of which must seriously affect our commerce, that no member of the Senate could vote for it with a clear conscience, on the short notice that its advocates have given. * * * *

"This bill, to which the name of Morrill, to his shame is attached, considered as a revenue bill, is the merest deception in the world. It is not meant as a revenue bill, it is simply a measure of favoritism to a few classes of manufacturers and nothing else. Those who expect to make money by it are trying to force it through Congress by talking about our empty treasury. Another class perceive in it what seems to them a dexterous electioneering measure, and favor it for that reason, and with this class we have as little favor as with the protectionists."

These are unpleasant facts for the contemplation of those Republican journals in Pennsylvania who wish to make some political capital out of this question. Coming, as they do, from the leading organs of their party, they must either cease to humbug the people, or expect to have their tricks made public.

The Unlucky Lincoln.

"As sure as the Devil looks over Lincoln," is a proverb popular in England, and it seems as if the unlucky Abraham has been under the same supervision here. His good luck when he has any has been worse than his bad. He has always been an office-seeker, and has almost invariably been beaten. Up for Congress, the Democrats beat him. Up for United States Senator, the Republicans rejected him. Stumping for the same honor, Douglas distanced him. He got into Congress in 1846, and so disgraced himself that he had to go into retirement for eight years in order to be forgotten.

The Detroit *Free Press* says of this passage of his life:

"When he took his seat in Congress the country was involved in war, and the brave and patriotic sons of the country were making the most heroic efforts to sustain the national arm in the interior of the enemy's country, and this they continued to do until the close of the war, and in the end conquerors, and more than conquerors notwithstanding all the adverse powers which they had to contend. While they were doing this there was a portion of their countrymen at home who not only opposed them and sympathised with the enemy, but actually encouraged the Mexicans to resistance. There were men at home who hoped and prayed the Mexicans would "welcome them with bloody hands to hospitable graves," and there were men who responded to the sentiment, and among them was Lincoln.

"During the war George Ashmun, of Massachusetts, the same who presided over the Chicago Convention, introduced resolutions into Congress declaring that the war with the Republic of Mexico was unconstitutional, unnecessary and unjust, and these resolutions received the prompt and ardent support of Lincoln. It is now a matter of history that the opposition that was made to the war in the United States but served to prolong and embitter it in Mexico. The speeches that were made in support of such resolutions were promptly transferred to Mexico and published in the newspapers, read at the head of the army, and otherwise ostentatiously displayed. These proceedings, to which Lincoln gave a hearty concurrence, but served to encourage the common enemy, prolonged the war, and cost hundreds and thousands of lives of volunteer soldiers who had flocked to the field at the call of their country. It was for this reason that Illinois rebuked him by refusing him a re-election, and it is for this reason, among others, that she has refused him any honors since, and it is for this reason, among others, that the people of the whole country will but confirm the decision of his own State in the coming contest. Americans want somebody to rule over them who will not take sides with the enemy, in the time of war, against his own country."

From the Doylestown Democrat.

The Platforms.

The platforms of Messrs. Lincoln and Breckinridge are the same in principle; both denying to the people of a Territory the right of self-government. Mr. Lincoln's friends say: "No more slave States," making it a condition to be attached to their admission as a State, that they shall not at any future time admit slavery. Look at the case of Texas when her annexation was ratified. She was a sovereign and independent State, and not a Territory, belonging to the United States, therefore she was a free contracting party. A solemn contract was entered into between the contracting parties that when the territory should become settled it should be divided into four States, and be admitted into the Union with or without slavery as the people of each State might determine for themselves; but Mr. Lincoln and his friends say no contract of the kind has any binding force with us where slavery comes in question. The South conceded the right of legislation in the Territories, and therefore the legislation will be against any more slave States.

Mr. Breckinridge and his friends claim the right to legislate for the Territories by Congress in case they refuse to legislate or the legislation is unfriendly to slavery thus depriving the people of the right to legislate for themselves in their local affairs, subject to the Constitution of the United States; and they offer as a reason for their change of opinion since 1856, that the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, settled the question of Territorial legislation, upon the subject of slavery against the Territories. Mr. Reverdy Johnson, who argued the question for the South, says that the question of Territorial legislation was not before the Court, and therefore could not be decided.

The friends of Judge Douglas take the same ground that our fathers took in the Revolution, that the people are sovereign and the officers are servants and not masters; that all power not delegated to the United States, nor forbidden to the States, is reserved to the States and to the people; that the right to legislate for private property in the Territories has not been granted to Congress. This is the first time that Congress has been asked to legislate for private property in the Territories. The people contend that the same Legislature that legislates for all other property, is competent to legislate for slavery also, and that will localize it and take the distracting question out of Congress.

The Seceders' Platform.

As we supposed would be the case, the seceders in the free states are ashamed of their platform, and some af their disunion organs even have the hardihood to deny its most important provisions. They know it is odious to the Democratic party, and therefore dare not advocate it. The seceding disunion Baltimore town meeting which nominated Breckinridge and Lane adopted the majority platform, which was voted down at Charleston. The third resolution of this concern reads as follows: "RESOLVED, THAT IT IS THE DUTY OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO PROTECT, WHEN NECESSARY, THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY, ON THE HIGH SEAS, IN THE TERRITORIES, OR WHEREVER ELSE ITS CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY EXTENDS." Now, some of the Breckinridge papers deny that the words "high seas," are in the platform, and charge that Democrats have altered it to make it obnoxious. This is not true; the resolution above we copied from the *Jeffersonian*, West Chester, of July 7th 1860, which paper has the names of Breckinridge and Lane at its head; and we suppose it knows the platform upon which its candidates stand. Besides, the resolution above stated, is just as published in the majority platform at Charleston. We hope after this the seceders and their friends will come square up to the work, and not endeavor to shirk the responsibility of their principles. We ask every candid man to tell us whether this protection "to persons and property on the high seas," can mean any thing else than the re-opening of the African slave trade? Is there a demand for protection to any other kind of property? Are not goods in our vessels protected by the flag that covers them? and therefore they want no legislation. Protection to property in the territories means a slave code to be made by Congress, to compel the people to have slavery whether they want it or not. These things may be denied, but they are too glaring to be covered up by any sophistry.—*Doylestown Dem.*

The Gubernatorial Contest.

We notice both in the Democratic journals of this State, and in the proceedings of numerous public meetings, that the most gratifying unity and enthusiasm is everywhere prevalent, especially with reference to Gen. H D. Foster, our able and gallant candidate for Governor. Whatever difference of opinion may exist with regard to other matters, Gen. Foster is everywhere hailed as a worthy representative of Democratic doctrines; and his high character, noble public record, and close indentification with all the great and essential interests of the State, are calling forth the most active and zealous efforts in our behalf. No man has ever passed the ordeal of active public service with more success and honor than has Gen. Foster; and his gallantry in times of emergency, and his strict devotion to Democratic principles, have justly endeared him to the Democracy of the whole State. For more than twenty years if hard work was to be done, Gen. Foster was the man to do it; and the steadfastness of Old Westmoreland is largely due to his able advocacy of Democratic principles, his clear and argumentative reasoning and a high personal popularity which he has borne with the modesty of true greatness.

Gen. Foster's record upon the Tariff while a member of the lower House of Congress, is enviable, and distinguished for sagacity and devotion to the interests of his State. He was ever foremost in the recognition of enlightened views of government policy; and the annexation of Texas, and the settlement of the Oregon dispute, in 1845 '46, found in him an able advocate of enlarged American ideas. He is eminently the man for the times, and we hail, as a matter of pride and gratification, the unbounded enthusiasm in his behalf now animating the Democracy of the State, encouraging organization, and giving the brightest promises. There is nowhere lukewarmness or lethargy. Dissensions are buried. The State is to be redeemed, and all minor differences are made to yield to that noble and patriotic purpose.—*Pennsylvanian.*

Democratic doctrine.

☞I believe that the safety, the peace, the highest interests of the country, require the preservation intact of the Democratic party on its old platform. Whenever we depart from that platform, which was adopted unanimously, we never will get unanimity in the formation of another.—*STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.*

☞Of all the mad schemes that ever could be devised by the South, or by the enemies of the South, that which recognizes the right of Congress to touch the institution of slavery, either in States or Territories, beyond the single case provided in the Constitution for the rendition of fugitive slaves, is the most fatal.—*STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.*

☞If facts can establish any proposition, the Southern States have agreed to the doctrine of non-intervention by Congress in States and Territories, and that the people of the Territories may determine the question of slavery for themselves, "in their own way subject only to the Constitution of United States."—*HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON.*

Signs of the Times.

The political heavens are full of propitious signs.

The Nicholsonville (Ky.) *Democrat*, published in Mr. Breckinridge's district, hoists the Douglas and Johnson flag and says:

It has ever been, and is now, our fixed and determined purpose to support the man for President who fairly and justly obtained the nomination. While we admire and love Mr. Breckinridge, we cannot foresake the modicum of nationality that yet remains to the Democracy to promise his interest to the detriment of that party whose recent rupture has cast such a gloom over our land and nation. We love the Union. We will never knowingly take a position which will array one section of the Union against another. Mr. Breckinridge did not receive the vote of Kentucky in Convention, and he will not receive it in November next. If he accepts the nomination from the handful of delegates who seceded at Baltimore, it will militate against the success of Mr. Douglas, while it ensures his own overwhelming defeat. At a time like the present, when the greatest harmony is needed to insure success, it is suicidal to attempt a victory with a divided front.

Herschel V. Johnson.

The Baltimore *Patriot*, an opposition journal, refers to Mr. Johnson, the candidate for Vice President on the Douglas ticket, in the following terms:

We know the gentleman personally, and we are free to say that, though not his political friend, he has our most cordial sympathies in the work of redeeming the South from the tyranny of that intolerable public opinion which a few hotspurs have managed to impose upon as noble a people as ever the sun shone upon. And there is no man in the whole South, politics apart, whom we would sooner see, not only Vice President but President of the United States. He is one of our soundest and most reliable statesmen.

MR. BRECKINRIDGE THE VAN BUREN OF THE SOUTH.—Mr. Breckinridge, by accepting the nomination of the seceders, placed himself in a position similar to that assumed by Mr. Van Buren, in 1848—with this difference only, that the Van Buren movement had not disunion in view. Both put themselves at war with the Democratic party upon slavery abstractions—the one Free Soil, and northern; the other a territorial slave-code, and southern. The Democratic party withstood the shock of the Van Buren conspiracy against it, and politically annihilated the conspirators; and will withstand the Breckinridge conspiracy, and annihilate the traitors engaged in it, just as it did the former.

The deadest man. politically speaking, in the United States is Martin Van Buren;—let Mr. Breckinridge take heed of his fate and withdraw before it is too late, if he would escape a like doom.—A vast proportion of the adherents of Mr. Van Buren are now found mustering in the ranks of the Republican party;—let the followers of Mr. Breckinridge, by their example, take warning of where they are drifting, before it is impossible to turn back.—*Lycoming Gazette.*

NICELY CAUGHT.—One of the Wisconsin lobby at the Chicago Convention, anxious to see the show from the gallery of the Wigwam, tried to pass the doorkeeper, when he was told that no gentleman could enter unless accompanied by a lady. Not to be bluffed, he waited the entrance of an apple woman, and undertook to pass himself under her protection. The doorkeeper told him that dodge had been "played out" at an early stage of the game. Back went our persevering friend and waited until the impracticable doorkeeper had time to forget him, and then, closely following a remarkably well dressed female, he tightly grasped her shawl, and for the third time presented himself for admittance.

"Hold on, sir! you can't go in," said the doorkeeper.

"Well, then; let my wife come out; I am not going to trust her in there among all those ruffians!" indignantly exclaimed our friend.

"Is that your wife?" asked the guardian of the Wigwam.

"Well, it is!" said the gentleman from Wisconsin.

The doorkeeper turned the well dressed female around, and exhibited to the horrified gaze of our friend, the repulsive lineaments of a greasy nigger wench. "Suthin drapped," and when our friend revived he took the first train for Madison.

The Reason why a Vessel is called She.—Father Neptune having been "hailed time out o' mind" with questions from queer and curious customers, for the reasons why vessels are denominated "she," "belays," hitches his trowsers to one side, "veers" the quid in his "lucker," runs his "grapplers" through his hair, and thus deposes:

Vessels are called she—
Because: They wear "caps" and "bonnets."
Because: They are upright when in the "stays."
Because: They are often "painted."
Because: They are best when "employed."
Because: They look best when well "rigged."
Because: Their value depends upon their "age."
Because: They are great "news bearers."
Because: They are very deceiving as they grow old.
Because: They are often harrassed by "great swells."
Because: They are frequently attached to "buoys."
Because: We couldn't do without them.
And finally, and perhaps most justly.—
Because: They are often "abandoned"—
P. S.—"Creatures" we might add to the last, but this altered 'twould be best you did not show it to your wife.—New York Sunday Leader.

Georgia in Line.

The conflict between Douglas and Breckinridge, in Georgia, was opened on Monday last, at Atlanta, by a scathing speech from Gov. Herschel V. Johnson. He poured hot shot into the ranks of the disunionists. The Atlanta *Confederacy* and the Augusta *Constitutionalist* have hoisted the Douglas flag.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.



—BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1860.

B. F. Meyers, Editor and Proprietor.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HON. HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON,

OF GEORGIA.

FOR GOVERNOR:

GEN. HENRY D. FOSTER,

OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

HON. WILLIAM P. SCHELL,

(Subject to the decision of the District Conference.)

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

PROTHONOTARY,
MAJ. SAMUEL H. TATE,
BEDFORD BOROUGH.

SHERIFF,
JOHN J. CESSNA,
BEDFORD BOR.

COMMISSIONER,
RICHARD M'MULLIN,
NAPIER.

POOR DIRECTOR,
JOHN S. BRUMBAUGH,
S. WOODBERRY.

AUDITOR,
GEORGE BAUGHMAN,
W. PROVIDENCE,

CORONER,
JACOB WALTER,
ST. CLAIR.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

At the meeting of the State Committee on the 2nd inst., it was resolved that the next meeting be held at Cresson, at the call of the Chairman. In pursuance thereof, the members of the Committee will assemble at Cresson, on Thursday, the 9th day of August, 1860, at 3 o'clock, P. M. As business of great importance will be laid before the Committee, it is earnestly hoped that every member will be present.

Democratic papers will please copy.

WILLIAM H. WELSH,
July 27, 1860. Chairman.

NEW VOLUME.

The present number closes the third year of our editorship of this journal. To the many friends who have assisted and sustained us, and especially to the gallant Democracy of our county, we return our heartfelt thanks. Our last year has been a prosperous one, and we hope to merit a like success in the future.—Those desiring to obtain the paper for $1,50, *must pay at or before September Court.* We would, also, be under obligations to those in arrears, if they would come in and settle.—We have debts to pay, and must have our money.

UNION AND HARMONY.

There is a number of Democratic journals in the State, old and respectable exponents and defenders of the Democratic faith, whose columns are filled with all sorts of arguments (?) for a Union Electoral Ticket to be voted jointly by the friends of Mr. Douglas and those of Mr. Breckinridge. We say *all sorts* of arguments, for, whilst some of them are reasonable and calculated for good, others are the merest denunciation and abuse of those who oppose the policy of forming a Union Electoral Ticket. Now, we assert that we are just as earnestly in favor of union and harmony in the Democratic ranks as any of these persistent sticklers for a Union Electoral Ticket; we are just as deeply concerned for the success of the Democratic party of the State and of the nation, at the coming elections, as any man in the Union; but we do not see how such union and harmony can be brought about, if the friends of Mr. Douglas, who for the best reasons in the world, look upon him as the only regular Presidential nominee of the Democratic party, are to be denounced and condemned, merely because they are unwilling to accept a compromise offered and and invented by the friends of Mr. Breckinridge. Gentlemen, if you would have a united Democracy, you must try gentler persuasives than the spur and the goad. You cannot drive men who feel and know they are in the right, to make a compromise with those whom they know and feel to be in the wrong. Come, let us reason together! Who is the cause of the present division in the Democratic ranks? Was not every Congressional district in the Union, represented in the Convention at Charleston? Was not the Democratic party a unit when that Convention assembled? Who, then, and for what cause, created the rupture in the ranks? Who bolted and why? Was it not the very men who now support Mr. Breckinridge, and was it not for the simple reason that they, a minority, could not rule and control the majority? Who was it that seceded from the Charleston Convention, organized a body hostile to that Convention and set up a platform in opposition to that which was regularly adopted by a majority of 27 votes, before a single delegate had seceded from the Convention? Was it not the friends and supporters of Mr. Breckinridge? Does it not, therefore, come with a bad grace from these disorganizing gentlemen to denounce the friends of Mr. Douglas, because, forsooth, they will not accept a cure prescribed by the very men who produced the disease? If the friends of Breckinridge, are as anxious to elect Douglas, as they pretend to be in their arguments for a Union Electoral Ticket, why did they ever bolt, or where's the harm in their voting a Douglas Electoral Ticket? If, as they propose to do, they can vote to give the State of Pennsylvania to Douglas, if it will elect him, where's the sacrifice of principle in voting a pure Douglas Electoral Ticket, or what is the sense in throwing away their votes on Breckinridge? If the party is to be re-united, is it not rather for the bolters who disrupted the party, to come back and join the organization from which they seceded, than for the organization to run after the bolters? Shall the mountain go to Mahomet, or Mahomet to the mountain?

That those men who bolted from the Democratic National Convention, and nominated Breckinridge and Lane, are the immediate and responsible cause for the present difficulties in our ranks, no candid man will dare to deny.—Theirs is the wrong and it is for them to repair it. Wo be to them, if they fail to do it! For ourself, we are ready and anxious to do all we can to re-unite the party; we are willing to support any compromise which does not require of us a sacrifice of principle, or of honor; but we have determined, so far as we are concerned, that if the men who are attempting to destroy the Democratic party, will persist in their work of insanity, they never shall receive any recognition from us, except as penitents seeking to be restored to the fold whence they wantonly and causelessly strayed.

STAND TO YOUR FLAG!

The darkest hour is just before day! The night of disaster is nearly spent, and the bright dawn of a glorious future will soon burst upon the steadfast Democracy. There is a vivifying spirit that stirs in the blood of our noble old party, inciting to activity and exertion, and flushing our banners with the prophecy of victory! It is the brave and dauntless spirit of the young Democracy! It is the blood of youth, in whose "vocabulary there is no such word as fail!" The young men of the country, the free hearted and the true-hearted, are rallying to the Democratic standard. The old grey-headed veterans, whose stately tread has been a march to victory in years gone by, now lead on a band of spirited and active men, with the impress of manhood fresh and undimmed upon their brows, whose battle cry is Democracy, the Union and the Constitution! Not as in times of yore—not as in the days of Harrison, Taylor and the Know Nothing era—the young men of our land are now with and of the Democracy, they are for STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, the intrepid champion of the sovereignty of the people! All honor to the war-worn veterans that have fought our battles in the past! All honor to the men who stood by Polk and Pierce and Buchanan! Let them stand to their flag once more—let them lead us against the foe once again—and the young Democracy will follow to sweep every vestige of Black Republicanism from the soil of our happy land! Stand to your flag!

"Forever float that standard sheet,
Where breathes the foe but falls before us,
With freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And freedom's banner streaming o'er us!"

MAKE WAY FOR DEMOCRACY! THE CRY IS STILL THEY COME!

We have received a letter from MR. JOHN MYERS, a citizen of Londonderry township in this county, in which he renounces Black Republicanism in all its phases, and announces his intention "hereafter to cleave to the Democracy!" Such is the case every where. The intelligent men of the opposition, since the meeting of the Chicago Convention, and the nomination of Abe Lincoln, find that they were humbugged and that they can no longer consistently remain in the ranks of that reckless and unprincipled party. They do not believe in saying, one year, that Foreigners are the curse of the country, and in running after them for their votes, the next. They do not believe in the doctrine of Lincoln, that "this Union cannot endure permanently half free and half slave." They are for the Union, not against it. They are for peace and friendship between the different States, not for intestine broils and John Brown raids. Such men are entirely welcome to our ranks.

John W. Forney.

We warn our Democratic friends against trusting this renegade from the Democracy.—We believe him to be a thorough-going Black Republican. His support of MR. DOUGLAS is mere pretence, and the tone of his columns shows that he cares more for the success of Lincoln than of Douglas. The Douglas men place no confidence in him, nor will they accept any of his doctrines or propositions. The man who plays the ingrate with his best friend, is to be watched and shunned. Beware of him!

☞We have received from the authors, Messrs. R. J. Haldeman and W. H. Welsh, (the former the member for Pennsylvania, of the Douglas Democratic National Committee, the latter the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, two very able articles, the one advocating the policy and propriety of a pure Douglas Electoral Ticket, the other favoring a Union Electoral Ticket. We should like to publish both, but cannot find room for the present.

GOOD NEWS!

By an arrangement between Messrs. Collins and Dull and the President and Directors of the Bedford Railroad company, the work of grading the said road, will be resumed on the first of August next. That part of the road between Hopewell and Bloody Run, wil be ready for the laying of the track on or before the first of December next. We learn, also, that the remainder of the road (the part between this place and Bloody Run) will be let as soon as the final survey is completed, which will probably be about the first of September next. The President and Directors of the road merit the thanks of all interested in the project, for their energetic and unremitting exertions in promoting its success.

The Only National Party.

The regular organization of the Democratic party, whose nominee for President is STPHEN A. DOUGLAS, will run an electoral ticket in every state of the Union where the Electors are chosen by the people. This cannot be said of any other party. The Black Republicans will not have an electoral ticket in at least 12 states; the Bell men will fail to have a ticket in some six states, and in twelve Northern states the Breckinridge men will not be able to raise an electoral ticket. How, then, can any National man hesitate as between the different parties? His choice must be DOUGLAS and the regular Democratic organization.

HON. EDWARD MCPHERSON.—This gentleman, the member of Congress from this district, is at present staying at Bedford Springs. Mr. MCPHERSON is an agreeable gentleman (being an old editor, how could he be otherwise?) and seems to be popular with his party. Personally we wish him much success—politically,—may the principles he advocates soon be blotted from the chart of politics.

Local and Miscellaneous.

....A performance novel and interesting to many of our readers, will come off at this place on Friday the 27th inst. A live Blondin will make his appearance in our midst, and walk a wire half an inch in thickness, to be stretched across Pitt Street, from the roof of Hafer's hotel to that of Mr. Carn's residence, diagonally opposite. PROF. T. MCD. PRICE is the performer, and from the notices we have seen of his feats elsewhere, we have no doubt his performance will be entirely successful.

....Candidates for the Opposition nomination for State Senator for this district, are becoming "thick as leaves in Vallombrosa."—There are three in Huntingdon, Col. S. S. Wharton, J. Sewell Stewart, Esq., and Mr. McWilliams; one in Somerset, Maj. Alex. Stutzman, and any quantity in Bedford, of which last Maj. Washabaugh seems to be the most prominent. Probably they will not all be elected.

....B-WARE!—The Secessionists seem to have appropriated the letter "B" to their own exclusive use. "To B, or not to B, that's the question" with them. They seem in this particular member of the Alphabet, to live, move and have their B-ing. In fact without it they could not have their B-read and B-utter.—Hence their exhibition of transparencies with those three mysterious "B's" upon them, at some of their recent pow-wows. "Breck, Bread and Butter!" That's their motto.

...Somerset county was represented at the Springs last week, by our old friends, Col. ISAAC HUGUS, MAJ. ALEX. STUTZMAN, GEN. GEO. ROSS, and JOHN W. PARKER, ESQ., than whom a pleasanter quartette of gentlemen cannot be found in all Western Pennsylvania. They inform us that the crops in Somerset county are yielding a most extraordinary harvest, some of the farmers in that region claiming that their wheat-fields will turn out from thirty to forty bushels per acre!

....Among the numerous visitors at the Springs, during the past week, we recognized HON. H. S. MAGRAW, GEN. D. K. JACKMAN, Ex-Gov. W. F. JOHNSTON, ALFRED GILMORE, Esq., and other distinguished gentlemen. The season at the Springs is now at its height, a large number of visitors being in attendance.

....The Census Marshals for this county, are about completing their labors. We are enabled to give the population of the following districts: Bedford Borough, 1328; Bedford township, 2105; Colerain, 1235; Cumberland Valley, 1326. In 1850, the population of these districts, was as follows: Bedford Borough 1203; Bedford township, 1831; Colerain 1281; Cumberland Valley, 1114. Total in 1850—5,429; in 1860—5,994. Increase, 565. The decrease in Colerain is accounted for by the fact that a considerable slice was taken off that township in 1857, to form the new township of Snake Spring.

....Persons wishing beautiful plain or colored photographs, should apply to Messrs. Gettys and Vallade, at their Gallery at Bedford Springs. Ivory-types, water colors, India inks and photographs of every description, are furnished at low prices by these gentlemen. Our readers will do well to give them a call.

....The Albany *Journal* produces a picture of Old Abe splitting logs. Abe is in his shirt sleeves, bare-headed, his trowsers rolled up, a beetle on his shoulder, and an expression on his face which would indicate a very severe gripe under the waist band.

....AUGUST ELECTIONS.—General elections will take place on the first Monday in August, in the following States: Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Missouri, Texas, ; in Tennessee on the first Thursday, and in North Carolina on the second Thursday.

....A candidate for Congress, out West, sums up his *edication* as follows: "I never went to school but three times in my life, and that was to a night school. Two nights the teacher didn't come, and 'tother night *I had no candle.*

....The Harvard University have invited the Prince of Wales to visit their institution, and, according to the Boston papers, the invitation has been accepted

...."Porter," asked a lady of an Irish railway porter, "when does the nine o'clock train leave?" "Sixty minutes past eight, mum," was Mike's reply.

....DOUGLAS IN MISSISSIPPI.—There are already *five* papers out for Douglas in Mississippi, and they are making the fur fly!

Manfully Said.

We find in the last issue of the Fulton *Democrat*, the subjoined article on the Presidency. It is bold, honest, and outspoken, and we heartily commend it to our readers:

☞In accordance with the views heretofore expressed in our editorial columns, we this day raise to the mast-head of the "Democrat" the names Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson, the regularly nominated candidates of the Democratic party for President and Vice President. We do this so that our friends may know where we are on this question, and because it is not in our power to equivocate or "carry water on both shoulders." We are for Douglas and Johnson, heart and soul, and the best efforts we are capable of shall be used to promote their election. Whilst we regret the split in the ranks of the party, made wider by designing demagogues and tricky politicians, our duty as a Democratic editor is plain. We recognize the action of the regular Convention at Baltimore as the action of the Democratic party of the nation. By that action we as Democrats are bound, and although the nominations made, may not be those we would have wished, yet duty and honor compels all who are *really* Democrats to acquiesce and give them a hearty support.

The disunionists of the north, led on by the vile abolition horde of New England, enlisted under such men as Garrison, Greely, Sanborn, Beecher, Seward and Co., have nominated Lincoln as their candidate, favoring Congressional intervention against slavery, whilst prominent among the seceders who support Breckinridge, are to be found the disunionists of the South, among whom is W. L. Yancey, a man of brilliant talents, but an avowed advocate of a dissolution of the Union. These men favor intervention in favor of slavery. Here are the two extremes meeting on common ground, because if it is right for Congress to interfere against slavery it is also right that they should interfere in its favor. The conservative and medium ground is that occupied by Senator Douglas non-inrervention of Congress with the question of slavery. This was the doctrine inscribed upon our banners in 1856, and is the true ground to take now. Under this flag we have marched to victory and under it we shall still conquer. We do not say that the election of Lincoln will produce a disolution of the union, but we believe that if such a thing is possible, his election will bring it about.

As one who loves his country and who desires to see its glorious institutions handed down to the latest posterity, we support Mr. Douglas. He is a statesman of tried metal, a patriot of the soundest integrity, and a Democrat deserving the support of all who love the principles of that party.

"We do our own Business in our own way."

We cannot be driven from the post of right with its fortifications of justice environing it, by the threats of secession fire-eaters raving for a dissolution of the Union, and anxiously seeking a protest for the establishment of a Southern Confederacy. We have been charged with being fire-eaters ourselves, and we are—in one sense of the word. We invite "war, pestilence and famine," rather than the South should degrade herself in the scale of political, practical equality; but we are for death and the grave rather than dissolve the Union upon a farciful Utopia, engendered in the minds of those who have no optimism outside of cotton strings, and no prudence outside of sectional domination. We are for the South all the time, for it so long as we can maintain its privileges in this glorious Union,—for it outside of the Union, if we cannot maintain its rights within its limits. The position of the National Democratic party and Judge DOUGLAS, admits of our remaining in the Union; and we espouse his cause as compatible with justice, patriotism and the sovereignty of the States.

People of the South! people of Virginia!—in what condition and under what type of government can you expect a more fair dispensation of municipal law and political equality than under the present Federal Government and the present States government of this glorious confederacy? Do you expect more happiness under a Southern league, as at one time favored by Wm. L. Yancey? If so, oppose Judge DOUGLAS. Do you expect it under the administration of public affairs with each State represented by a separate Government distinct from political alliance with the others? If so oppose Judge DOUGLAS. But if you are for the ideas of Jefferson, of Madison, Monroe and Jackson, and the plan of safety and peace and prosperity, stand by and rally around the standard of the National Democracy. No threats and no arms can drive us and the people of Rockingham from the support of the gallant Illinoisian unless the compromise suggested in our last impression of the Register is met and agreed upon. "We do our own business in our own way," and that way is always in the line of American patriotism and democratic usage.—*Rockingham (Va.) Register.*

From the State Sentinel.

Who'll Take Them?

A correspondent of the Indianapolis (Indiana) *Sentinel*, who is anxious to make or lose some money, sends us the following proposition. Is there a zealous Lincoln man in these parts who will take the bait?

"I will bet $100 that Lincoln will not be elected; $100 that Breckinridge will not get one electoral vote outside of South Carolina, Mississippi and Florida; $100 that Douglas will be elected; $100 that Breckinridge's name will not get before the House of Representatives; $100 that Joe Lane will not be elected by the Senate; $100 that Hendricks will be elected Governor, $100 each that Lincoln will not get a majority in Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, New York, Pennsylvania,, New Jersey, Indiana, Illinois, Wiscohsin, Oregon and California. All these bets to be taken together.

OHIO.

KEEP IT STANDING!

LET THE PEOPLE KNOW!

That there remained in the National Convention at Baltimore, after every disorganizing Rebel had seceded, **436** regularly appointed delegates, entitled, under the rule, to cast 218 votes—16 MORE than TWO-THIRDS of a FULL Convention. Let them know that, on the second ballot, STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, received 181½ votes of the 218, over FORTY more than TWO-THIRDS of the whole vote present. And then, to clinch all, let them know, that the resolution declaring STEPHEN A. Douglas to be the unanimous choice of the Convention, passed without a single dissenting voice; so that STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS actually received 218 votes—sixteen votes more than two thirds of a full Convention!

Let the People know, too, that the Seceder's Convention which nominated Breckinridge and Lane had no authority from any constituency to sit at Baltimore outside of the regular Convention—that it did not contain more than eighty or ninety delegates who had even a shadow of authority from the people to act—that it cast in all but 105 votes—not one of them properly authorized, or binding on any body—let them know this, and let them decide which was the Regular and which was the Disorganizer's Convention, and which of the nominees, Douglas or Breckinridge, is entitled to the undivided support of the National Democracy.

Douglas Men on the Stump Along Side of the Seceders at the South.

Right nobly, says an exchange, have the true-hearted Democracy of the South entered the campaign to battle against sectionalism and disunion. We like the plan of the gallant Mississippians, where the Douglas men meet the Seceders on the same stump, and the crowd listens to the speakers of both parties. In all these discussions great good is being done to the cause of the "Little Giant," as is sure to be the case where the masses of the thinking, unselfish people hear the truth honestly explained. One of these meetings took place a few days since, at Corinth, Mississippi, at which Hon. B. N. Kenyon on the part of the Douglas men, and Ex-Governor J. W. Matthews for the Seceders, held forth. The *True Democrat* of that place says of the meeting:

Our limited space will not admit of an extended notice of this discussion. Suffice it to say, that the Seceders are boarded at their own homes by their own constituency, for a desertion of the great and settled principles of the Democratic party. By party trickstering, known to all, the Seceders have been enabled to disrupt the party, and sow seeds of discord in this trying hour of its history; and the people will not hold them guiltless, but in every county of the State, as in Tishomingo, they will be met in their efforts to palm off on us the nominee of a miserable faction, and be let to know, as they were in 1851, that slavery agitation shall be driven from Congress, and the people allowed to make their own laws in their own way.

Presidential Calculations.

The commercial editor of *The Augusta Constitutionalist*, Mr. Pritchard, after consulting with all the leading men at Baltimore, and visiting Washington and New York for the purpose of obtaining information, thinks the following States can be relied on to give their electoral vote for Douglas and Johnson:

New York	35	Minnesota	4
Pennsylvania	27	Wisconsin	5
Ohio	23	Missouri	9
Indiana	13	Maryland	8
Illinois	11	Louisiana	6
New Jersey	7		
Iowa	4	Total	152

It is also believed by many, Mr. Pritchard says, that the following States will vote for Douglas and Johnson:

Alabama	9	California	4
Delaware	3	Oregon	3
Arkansas	4	Michigan	6
Connecticut	6		
New Hampshire	7	Total	42

Mr. Pritchard made up his calculation very soon after the nominations were announced.—We think it safe to say, at present, that Connecticut is nearly certain for Lincoln, and that Maine, New Hampshire, Michigan and Arkansas are certain for Douglas. Our belief is that in the North and West Mr. Lincoln has lost at least five per cent. of his strength since the Baltimore nominations were made; and that the split of the Democratic party, instead of doing us harm, is actually doing us good in every one of the free States. The Republican thunder is gone, and Abe Lincoln is scarcely thought of in the fight.—*Providence Post.*

THE OLD DOMINION--VIRGINIA.

The mother of States seems to be in a political stew at present. There as here, there seems to be a party in favor of sustaining regular National nominations, and a party of disorganizers.

The Democratic State Executive Committee met on the 10th of July, to try their hand at what is called by the secessionists in this State "compromise;" but they failed. The Breckinridge wing have called a State Convention to assemble at Charlottsville on the 16th of Aug., and the Douglas wing have called a similar Convention to meet at Staunton on the same day.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 13th contains an address from D. H. Hoge, Esq., a delegate to the late National Democratic Convention from the 12th Virginia District, in which he ably argues in support of the regularity and binding force of the nomination of Mr. Douglas, and declares unequivocally in his favor.

In the same paper of the 17th, we find an address from another delegate to the same Convention, Wm. G. Brown, Esq., of the 15th District. Mr. B., takes strong ground in favor of Douglas, as the regular nominee, although he was not his first choice, and declares he cannot support Breckinridge, whom he pronounces "the nominee of a Seceders' Convention not called by the people."

We are glad to see that the National Democracy are firm even in "Old Virginia."

Douglas Ratification Meeting at Fulton, N. Y.

FULTON, July 21, 1860.

The people rallied *en masse* in this place last night to ratify the nominations of Douglas and Johnson. Three immense meetings were held at the same time, which were addressed by Hon. Edward Marshall, of Kentucky; Hon. Sanford E. Church, and Hon. Francis B. Spinola. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. After the meeting the Douglas clubs had a good torch light procession. At least five thousand people attended the meeting.

HON. A. H. STEPHENS IN THE FIELD.

This profound statesman, eloquent speaker, and sound national Democrat has entered the field for Douglas and Johnson. So fully impressed is he with the importance of the contest that he announces his determination not to confine his efforts to Georgia alone, but to go into all the Southern States.

The Northern rebels will probably find, before November, that they missed the mark at which they aimed when they united their political fortunes with the disunionists of the South. They will find, before that time, that among conservative men in the South, Yancey and his programme are as much detested as they are among the National Democrats of the North. They will find that the most able men in the Southern States will support the nominees of the National Convention, and that the masses, the great majority of the party, will sustain them—and they will find, after the election, that their candidates have not received a single Electoral vote in the whole Union.—*State Sentinel.*

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.

The Jackson *Union*, published in Jackson county, Indiana, though opposed to the nomination of Judge Douglas, hoists the banner of Douglas and Johnson. It says:

We have raised the names of Douglas and Johnson to our mast-head as the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President.—We are constrained to take this step for the reason that Judge Douglas is the nominee of the National Democratic party; and, as we have ever been opposed to "bolters," we shall not bolt ourself, although the nomination is not exactly as we desire it should be. The only question for Democrats in Indiana to consider is, shall Indiana go for Douglas or for Lincoln?—Shall the Democracy triumph, or shall the Opposition.

Great Ratification Meeting at Memphis—100 Guns for Douglas and Johnson.

On Saturday last, about ten thousand Democrats assembled in mass meeting at Memphis, Tennessee, to ratify the nomination of Douglas and Johnson. The occasion was one of the most notable in the political history of Tennessee. Judge W. C. Dunlap presided over the indoor meeting. The gathering outside was addressed by Hon. William T. Brown, J. P. Pryor, of Holly Springs, E. M. Yeager, H. C. Young, A. H. Douglas and Col. John Eubanks, of Illinois. Resolutions approving the course of the delegates who did not desert the party at Baltimore, and commendatory of the nomination of Douglas and Johnson were unanimously passed. A resolution was adopted recommending a full electoral ticket pledged to the nominess of the only Democratic Convention held at Baltimore.

The German Democracy.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the German Democracy of Cambria county, was held on Wednesday the 12th inst., at Johnstown, to ratify the nominations of Douglas, Johnson and Foster.

The meeting was large and enthusiastic, and was addressed by John B. Stoll, the talented young editor of the "*Beobachter*," the German organ of Cambria, at considerable length; Mr. Heyl also addressed the assemblage in English.

Strong resolutions were passed, endorsing Douglas, Johnson and Foster, as the regular nominees. A Douglas Club was then organized, when the meeting adjourned amidst enthusiastic cheers for the success of the ticket.—The German vote of Western Pennsylvania is a heavy one, and will be cast as a unit for Douglas, Johnson and Foster.

A FIFTH-RATE LAWYER.—Lucky for Lincoln that he happened to live in Illinois and had a tilt with Douglas, or he would never have been heard of in the political world. The Chicago *Democrat*, Wentworth's paper, and a Black Republican sheet, sums up Mr. Lincoln thus:

"Mr. Lincoln was in early times, a member of the Illinois House of Representatives. He was also a member of the Thirtieth Congress of the United States, being the last two years of Mr. Polk's Administration. Beyond this Mr. Lincoln has *no official record.* He has devoted most of his time to his profession, by which he has been enabled to *but little more than support himself from one year to another.*"

No experience in Legislation, no claims to Statesmanship, and a poor stick of a lawyer. What a president he would make.

"Oh ho, ho, such a nominee,
As Abraham Lincoln of Illinois-ee."

WESTERN NEW YORK.—The Ontario *Repository*, an Opposition print, says:—"While Douglas is not our candidate, we are willing to do him and his friends the justice to say that we believe his strength has been very greatly underrated. We can speak only from the testimony of others in relation to the support he is likely to receive in other sections of the country, but no man of intelligence and candor can come to any other conclusion than that here, in Ontario county, the Democratic party are united upon him, and not only that, but that there are many of the other parties who will give him their hearty support. After a free interchange of opinions with men of the various parties, we are satisfied that Douglas will receive a larger vote in Ontario county than has ever been given to any other Democratic candidate."

Another Douglas Champion.

Duncan McRea, a leading Democrat of North Carolina, and late Consul at Paris, made a masterly speech at Raleigh, last week, for the National Nominees, Douglas and Johnson. He denounced the conduct of the Secession delegates from that State, and declared that a disunion conspiracy was the father of the bolt. His speech was received with much applause.

Tennessee.

The Douglas cause is progressing finely in Tennessee. The eloquent ex-Senator Foote, recently of Mississippi, has already taken the stump for the "Little Giant," and and intends to canvass the whole State. He will be assisted by ex-Governor Jones and a number of other eloquent and able men. Tennessee may be set down as safe for Douglas.

Movements of Mr. Douglas.

SARATOGA, July 21, 1860.

Hon. S. A. Douglas arrived here at two o'clock this afternoon. He was received at the depot by a large number of his friends, who, with a band of music, accompanied him to the United States Hotel, where he made a few remarks. One hundred guns were fired.

Movements of Mr. Douglas.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 20.—Senator DOUGLAS arrived here at noon to-day, and was received by a crowd of at least nine thousand persons, which manifested much enthusiasm in the use of gunpowder, music and applause.

Senator DOUGLAS spoke from the balcony of the Massasoit House to the assembled multitude, and was frequently interrupted with cheers. He will dine here in company with a large number of our prominent citizens.

Maryland Douglas State Convention.

BALTIMORE, July 20.—The friends of Mr. DOUGLAS have issued a call for a State Convention, to be held on the 16th of August, to present an Electoral ticket pledged to support DOUGLAS and JOHNSON for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, under any and every condition.

Kentucky.

The largest political meeting ever assembled in Covington, Ky., was held on Friday night last to ratify the nominations of Douglas and Johnson. Speeches were made by Mr. Benton, Col. Helm, and Col. Jones. Great enthusiasm was manifested.

☞The St. Paul (Minnesota) Pioneer states that the nomination of Douglas has elicited more enthusiasm there, than has ever been seen displayed for any man or any cause. It adds:

"Douglas, the nominee of the Democratic party for the Presidency, renders the triumph of the Democracy in Minnesota, a fixed fact."

We see it stated in our Southern exchanges that Mr. William L. Yancey, the controlling spirit in the Secession Convention at Baltimore, was some years since indicted, in Alabama, prosecuted, and sentenced to the Penitentiary, for the heinous offense of murdering his father-in-law. Before the sentence of the law was executed, and while Yancey was yet in prison, the Governor of Alabama granted him a pardon, which kept him from the Penitentiary.—*Pittsburg Post.*

NEW POLITICAL MOVEMENT.—It is rumored that the Hon. JOHN BANKS, of Reading, is to be the candidate of the Constitutional Union party of this State for Governor. Judge Banks served in Congress with Mr. Bell, the candidate of this party for President, and agrees with him in political sentiment.

☞MAJ. EVANS R. BRADY, editor of the *Brookfield Jeffersonian*, has been nominated for the Assembly, by the Democratic Convention of Jefferson county. The Major is an intelligent and courteous gentleman, and will make a good and true representative. We hope the Democracy of his district will do themselves the credit to elect him.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Be not Deceived.—Liver complaint.—Some people consider an article worthless because it is advertised—this is the exception, not the rule—for if anything is worth knowing it is worthy of being universally known, and the Press is the only medium for extending this knowledge. The truth or falsity of an assertion however, lies in the proof. After deep research and scientific labor, Dr. Holloway, some fifty years back discovered two potent remedies, Pills and Ointment, for all internal and external disorders arising from the stomach, the liver, or the blood. For liver complaint particularly it is a decided cure. In all tropical climates it is the only medicine used for this disease, and the millions who have been cured by the Pills and Ointment owe their knowledge of them to the Press.

Divine Service.

In the Lutheran church, on Sunday morning, at 10 ½ o'clock A. M., by the Rev. Dr. Smucker.

—MARRIED—

On the 12th July inst., by Samuel Evans, Esq., at the house of John C. Figard, Mr. Elijah Thomas to Miss Priscilla Meek, both of Broad Top tp., Bedford co.

—DIED—

On the 7th inst., in Chambersburg, Mrs. Margaret Zimmers, aged 76.

July 11, 1860, ALBIN, oldest son of George and Sarah Whip, of Cumberland Valley, aged 11 years, 5 mo. and 13 days.

God looked among his cherub band,
And one was wanting there
To swell along his holy land
The hymns of praise and prayer.

He was too promising a flower
To bloom upon the earth,
When God could give him angel power;
And bright celestial birth.

The world was all too bleak and cold
To yield him quiet rest,
He called it to the Shepherd's fold,
And laid it on his breast.

There, mother, in its Saviour's hand
Forever undefiled,
Among the little cherub band
Is thy beloved child.

O. P. H.

HARRISBURG FEMALE SEMINARY.

MRS. S. E. DIXON, PRINCIPAL.

The Fall Session of this Seminary will commence on Tuesday, September 4.

This Institution, incorporated in 1853, is admirably directed in its domestic arrangements, moral and religious culture, and course of studies. It is earnestly commended to the patronage of the public as a first class Seminary.

Circulars, stating terms, &c., can be obtained by addressing the Principal.

J. W. WEIR,
President Board of Trustees.

Reference can be freely made to the patrons of the Seminary, among whom may be mentioned:

Gov. Wm. F. Packer,	Harrisburg.
Hon. J. J. Pearson,	"
Wm. K. DeWitt, D. D.,	"
Rev. T. H. Robinson,	"
Rev. J. G. Miles,	"
Hon. Joseph Casey,	"
Wm. M. Kerr, Esq.,	"
D. D. Boas, Esq.,	"
John B. Briggs, Esq.,	"
Hon. A. S. Wilson,	Lewistown.
Thomas Beaver, Esq.,	Philadelphia.
Charles Pleasants, Esq.,	Sunbury.
Hon. J. S. Haldeman,	York county.
Robert Givin, Esq.,	Cumberland county.
John Irvin, Esq.,	Centre county.
B. Frank Irvin, Esq.,	Cumberland county.

July 27th.—3ts.

MEN'S and Boys' wear, of all kinds, just received and for sale cheap, at Shoemakers' Store. Next Anderson's Row. [april 6th, 1860.]

DR. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON.

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC PREPARATION of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon, by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest medical authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaint, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fever, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of *General Debility*, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In *Nervous Affections* of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of Iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and over-heating; and gently regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In *Dyspepsia*, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases.

In unchecked *Diarrhœa*, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate *Incipient Consumption*, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In *Scrofulous Tuberculosis*, this medicated iron has had far more the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In *Rheumatism*, both chronic and inflammatory, in the latter, however, more decidedly, it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In *Intermittent Fevers* it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered, in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address, on receipt of the price.

All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

R. B Locke & Co., General Agents,
20 CEDAR STREET, N. Y.

July 20th, '60.

IMPORTANT TO TEACHERS!
NORMAL SCHOOL.

The undersigned will open a Normal School in Woodberry, Bedford co., Pa., on Wednesday, Aug., 1, 1860, for the accommodation of young Teachers and those designing to become Teachers. The course of Instruction will be suited at once to the capacity of the Students and the position they will be called upon to occupy.

The duties of Teachers are arduous, and those who contemplate entering the ranks of a profession rapidly becoming permanent, will do well to look to their interests.

Students will be admitted at any time during the term.

We take pleasure in referring to

Hon. Samuel J. Castner,	Woodberry.
Dr. Samuel H. Smith,	"
C. R. Barndollar, Esq.,	"
Hon. John Cresswell,	Hollidaysburg.
Maj. Samuel H. Tate,	Bedford.
	G. H. RAMEY,
	S. D. RAMEY.

July 27, 1860.

☞NATURE is the great physician.—This is now admitted by the medical profession, as a fundamental principle of healing science. It is wisely provided by the human economy, that whenever anything is wrong in the physical system, the natural forces of the body are brought to bear to expel the disease. The great aim, therefore, is to strengthen the natural powers. This has been kept in view by the skillful compounders of DR. J. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, which operate to give fresh vitality to all the organs of the body. The effect of this medicine upon the stomach, the liver and the kidneys, are prompt and decisive. The patient who is wise enough to quit drugging, and try the BITTERS, soon feels as if he had taken a new lease of life, and as he continues the use of the article, he is overjoyed to find the streams of health coursing through his frame. Let all from whose cheek the bloom has departed, give Dr. J. Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters a trial.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

☞See advertisement in another column.

LOST!

On Thursday evening last, was lost out of the coach between Bedford Springs and Bedford town, a silk umbrella marked "G. Purviance." A reward of four dollars will be given to any person leaving the same with the undersigned.

B. W. GARRETSON.

Bedford, July, 20th.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—

The Bedford county Normal School will open in the new School building, in the town of Bedford, Tuesday, Aug. 14th, at 9 o'clock, A. M.—All the teachers of the county (who are not attending School elsewhere) are most urgently requested to attend; and especially should all young and unexperienced teachers avail themselves of this opportunity of receiving instruction.—It is, also, highly important that all such be present at the opening of the school.

Each teacher, on becoming a member of the School, will be charged fifty cents to defray incidental.—Tuition gratis.

GEO. SIGAFOOS,
July, 20, '60. County Sup't.

N. B. Prof. Cowley, of Iron City College, will give instruction to all who may desire it, in Penmanship and Ornamental Drawing.

BEDFORD COUNTY, ss.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 30th day of April, 1860, before the Judges of the said court,

On motion of O. E. Shannon, Esq., the court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Jacob Keagy, late of Middle Woodberry township, deceased, to wit, Michael, Catharine, David, Ann, intermarried with Wm. Elder, Peter, and Jacob, a minor, who has for his guardian David Schnebly, all residing in Bedford County, except David who resides in Blair county: to be and appear at an Orphan's Court to be held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the first Monday, third day of September, A. D. 1860, to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said deceased, at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of Partition or Valuation, issued out of said court, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

∫∫∫∫∫ In testimony whereof I have hereunto ∫L. S.∫ set my hand and seal of said county, at ∫∫∫∫∫ Bedford, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1860.

ATTEST:

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff. SAM'L. H. TATE, Clerk.

June 22, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration, *cum testamento annexo*, have been granted to the undersigned on the Estate of Samuel Carn, late of Bedford borough, dec'd. Persons having claims against the estate, will present them and those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

O. E. SHANNON,
July 20, 1860. Administrator.

STORE FOR SALE!

The undersigned is desirous of disposing of his stock of ready made clothing and dry goods, which he offers to retail buyers at first cost. All persons indebted to him, are requested to come forward and make settlement within thirty days from this date, by cash or note.

July 20,'60.-6ts. ISAAC LIPPEL.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.—

One new 2 horse Wagon for sale, or trade for a good horse.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.

July 20th, 1860.

CASH WANTED!

My Books are ready for settlement up to 1st of July. My customers are earnestly requested to make immediate settlement either by Cash or note. Those who have not settled according to my terms, will not think hard of me, if through their failure to comply with my terms, their accounts should be found in the hands of an officer for collection.

July 20,'60. WM. HARTLEY.

PHILADELPHIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANOS.



GEORGE VOGT takes the opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Piano Warerooms from No. 628 Arch Street, to No. 516 Arch Street, where he will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of his lately patented PIANOS, which have been pronounced by the best judges as far superior to all other Pianos in the sweetness and purity of their tone and construction, heretofore manufactured in the United States and England.

May 18,'60.—6 mo.

GRANVILLE STOKES'
GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT.
NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

GRANVILLE STOKES would return thanks to the public for their appreciation of his efforts to please, and their liberal patronage.

In order to keep up this kindly feeling, he has yielded to the solicitations of many of his friends and inaugurated a new system, of Gifts with each Garment sold. To his choice selection of fine Fabrics, and made-up Clothing, he invites the scrutiny of the public, as well as to his new mode of doing business. Each article is warranted to be, in Fabric, Style and Make, equal to any gotten up in the City, and one price, (lower than the lowest,) marked on the Ticket.

Each article sold, or measured for, is accompanied by a Gift, varying in value from $1 to $100.

N. B.—None but the most skillful Designers, Cutters and Workmen employed; and satisfaction in Fit, Fashion, Fabric, Price and Gift, guaranteed at

GRANVILLE STOKES'
ONE PRICE GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

May 18,'60.—6 ms.

C. P. PERRY,
S. W. CORNER FOURTH AND RACE ST.,
PHILADELPHIA,

Manufactures ACCOUNT BOOKS of the best quality. Bankers and Merchants can have their Books ruled and bound in any style.

☞Premium awarded by the Franklin Institute.

C. P. PERRY,

S. W. Corner. Fourth and Race streets, Philadelphia, supplies every article in the BOOK or STATIONERY line, at low prices. Having superior facilities as a manufacturer, he is enabled to supply goods very low, and make very fair profit. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

COLLECT TOGETHER

All your "Old Books" and Magazines; take them to PERRY'S Book Binderies, Fourth and Race, where you can have them bound good and handsomely at a low price.

May 18,'60.—6 ms.

B. FRANK. JACKSON,

PRINTER AND STATIONER,
439 *CHESTNUT STREET*,
PHILADELPHIA.

May 18,'66.—1 yr.

SUMMER TRADE NOTICE.

BUNN, RAIGUEL & CO.,
No. 137 *North Third Street*,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
FANCY DRY GOODS,

Invite the attention of Purchasers to their extensive Stock of Fancy Dry Goods, Silks, Embroideries, Cloths, Cassimeres &c.

May 18,'60.—

WINCHESTER & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE,
—AND—
PATENT SHOULDER SEAM SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
No. 706 *CHESTNUT Street*,
Above Seventh, opposite the Washington House,

Fine Shirts and Drawers made from measurement at a few days notice and in all cases Warranted to fit. Formula for measurement furnished on application by mail. LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS TO WHOLE SALE BUYERS.

May 18,'60.—1 yr.

H. BANCROFT & CO.,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS,
No. 330 *Market Street, Philadelphia.*

May 18,'60.—1 yr.

PHILADELPHIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

L. LADOMUS. N. RULON

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
LEWIS LADOMUS & CO.
No. 802 *CHESTUT STREET PHILA.*
(FIRST DOOR ABOVE EIGHTH STREET.)

Would most respectfully ask the attention of Citizens and Strangers to their Large, Cheap, and well selected Stock of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
CONSISTING IN PART OF

Gold Hunting Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 carat case,	$40 00
Gold Lever Watches, open face, full jewel'd 18 carat case,	30 00
Gold Lepine Watches, open face, full jewelled, 18 carat case,	22 00
Silver Lever Watches, Hunting case, full jewelled,	18 00
Silver Lever watches, open face, full jewelled,	14 00
Silver Lepine Watches, Hunting case,	14 00
Silver Lepine Watches, open face,	9 00
Gold Guard Chains,	12 00
Gold Vest and Fob Chains,	10 00
Gold Pen Holder with Pen and Pencil,	4 00
Gold Pencils,	1 50
Gold Pens with Silver Holders,	1 00
Silver Table Spoons, per set,	
Silver Tea Spoons,	6 00
Gold Thimbles.	3 00

With a large assortment of Silver, Table and Tea Forks; Dessert, Mustard and Salt Spoons; Pie, Cake, and Ice Cream knives; Sugar Spoons; Preserve Spoons; Pickle Knives and Forks, etc.

☞Also, constantly on hand, a magnificent assortment of Jewelry, consisting in part of Bracelets, Breastpins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Miniature cases for 1, 2, 4, and 6 likenesses; Gold Crosses, Children's armlets, and every thing in the Jewelry line, of the latest and most approved patterns.

Gold and silver Thimbles: Wedding Rings at all prices. Ladies' Chatelaines, Gold Watch keys and Seals; Studs and Sleeve Buttons; Opera Glasses.

Always on hand, a splendid assortment of Diamond Jewelry. Also, Diamonds mounted in the most beautiful manner, equal to any work in the United States, at moderate prices.

Silver plated Tea Sets, Silver plated Knives and Forks—beautiful goods, and look equal to Silver.

CALIFORNIA GOLD BOUGHT OR MADE UP TO ORDER.

☞All descriptions of Hair Jewelry, such as Breastpins, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Chains, Charms, made to order in the most beautiful style. Old Watches and Jewelry taken in exchange.

We can send by mail, with perfect safety, Watches or Jewelry to any part of the United States. All orders must be accompanied with the Cash. No goods sent unless the money is first received. Call or address

LEWIS LADOMUS & CO.,
802 Chestnut Street, Phil'a.

May 18,'60.—6 ms.

LOOKING GLASSES,
ENGRAVINGS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
OIL PAINTINGS,

The most extensive and elegant assortment at the very lowest rates.—Glasses in store of every description. Mahogany framed Glasses, for country sales. Print and Portrait frames, Window Cornices, Gilt Mouldings, etc. Estimates for furnishing Glasses to fill every space, by mail on application. Engravings for Grecian and Antique Paintings.—Catalogues gratis.

JAS. S. EARLE & SON,
816 Chestnut St., Phil'a.

May 18,'60.—1 yr.

J. E. GOULD,
No. 632 *Chestnut St., cor. of Seventh,*
PHILADELPHIA.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.

RAVEN, BACON & CO'S., NUNN'S & CLARK'S, HALLET, DAVIS & CO'S., AND A. H. GALE & CO'S.



MASON & HAMLIN'S, AND PRINCE & CO'S.
MELODEONS & HARMONIUMS.

Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Second-hand Pianos.

May 18,'60.—1 yr.

WILLIAM RAIGUEL, SAMUEL MOORE, WILLIAM G. SKILLMAN, JAMES M. WHITBY, EDWARD A. ADAMS, HENRY P. ATKINSON.

RAIGUEL, MOORE & CO.,
LATE, RAIGUEL AND CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
Nos. 220 & 222 *North Third St., above Race, West side, PHILADELPHIA.*

May 18,'60.—1 yr.

JOHN O. JAMES, WM. C. KENT, CHARLES SANTEE, ISAAC WELSH, G. A. SMITH, SAMUEL WHITE, H. G. STERLING, H. D. WELSH, J. TOMLINSON.

JAMES, KENT, SANTEE & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
239 & 241 NORTH THIRD STREET,
ABOVE RACE, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18,'60.—1 yr.

J. P. HUBER,
(SUCCESSOR TO J. SORVER.)
—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No 8 *North Fifth St., above Market, Phil'a.*

Also, Manufacturer and Importer of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

May 18, 1860.—1 yr.

MARTHA T. MARTIN, GEO. R. PEDDLE, C. H. HAMRICK, J. A. L. MORREL, G. R. MARTIN.

F. A. BAKER,
WITH
MARTINS, PEDDLE, HAMRICK & CO.
—IMPORTERS OF—
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS,
No. 30, *North Fourth St., Phil'a.*

May 18,'60.—1 yr.

THE WORLD'S GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA

May 18, 1860.—1yr.

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.

It is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the bodily functions; but, with the aid of a good tonic and the exercise of plain common sense, they may be able so to regulate the system as to secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is certainly that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life. For this purpose, Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation bearing his name, which is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels, and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus, by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease.

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c., these Bitters have no equal.

Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent, in all its various forms, than any other, and the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind; then why not use an article known to be infallible? All nations have their Bitters, as a preventive of disease and strengthener of the system in general; and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which have tended to prove the value of this great preparation in the scale of medical science.

FEVER AND AGUE.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, none of the above-stated diseases can be contracted, even in exposed situations, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as they neither create nausea nor offend the palate, and render unnecessary any change of diet or interruption of ordinary pursuits, but promote sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

For Persons in Advanced Years, who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and need only be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and, before so doing, should ask their physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtue of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America, and Germany.

Agents for Bedford County: B. F. Harry, F. C Ramer, Bedford; John F. Lowry, Hopewell; E. B. Ramsy, Bloody Run; John Nycum, Fairview.

Oc. 14, 1859.

SPRING FASHIONS.—

MRS. S. E. POTTS

has returned from the cities, having completed her spring purchases, and is now prepared to offer extra inducements in the way of

RICH FANCY GOODS.

Her stock consists of some rare styles and latest novelties of the season.

Silk and lace mantillas are composed of the newest styles of the season.

Crape de paris, dusters, rich silks, handsome organdigan, lawn robes.

Flounced summer silks, dress goods of all kinds.

STELLA SHAWLS.

Black and colored center printed bordered stella, brocha bordered stella, printed cashmere shawls, children's capes, comprising the largest assortment of shawls, straw goods, large stock of new styles of bonnets, straw and silk, English straw bonnets, braid bonnets, pamella bonnets, fancy straws, six hundred pieces of rich ribbons at 25 cents per yard, purchased at auction and can be sold cheap, bonnet ruches bonnet silk, mitts, kid gloves, hosiery, fans, soap and perfumery, fancy goods of all descriptions, dress trimmings, flats and hats trimmed and untrimmed. She will be still adding to her large stock every week during the summer, new desirable and fashionable goods. Mourning dress goods and dusters to suit. [june 8,'60.]

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

☞PLOUGHS.—WOODCOCK, SEYLER, and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'60-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

H. L. GODBOLD,
TUNER & REPAIRER

of Pianos, Melodeons &c., has made arrangements to visit this place regularly at stated periods. The next visit will be in October. Yearly contracts made. Price for tuning $2.00. First class pianos for sale. Orders to be left at the "Gazette" office. H. L. G. has permission to refer to the following persons for whom he has tuned:

Hon. A. King, Hon. S. L. Russell, John Mower, Esq., O. E. Shannon, Esq., Dr. W. H. Watson, Rev. S. Barnes, Mrs. Freytet.

June 29,'60.

HEALTH AND ITS PLEASURES,
OR
DISEASE WITH ITS AGONIES:
CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM!



Holloway's Pills.

Nervous Disorders.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one:—drink but little wine, beer, or spirits, or far better none; take no coffee—weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite.

These feelings which so sadden us, most frequently arise from annoyances or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follow as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

Disorders of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they, crete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs Out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone do the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasms—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and Stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases.

Ague,	Inflammation,
Asthma	Jaundice,
Bilious Complaints,	Liver Complaints,
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago,
Bowel Complaints,	Piles,
Colics,	Rheumatism,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Retention of Urine,
Consumption,	Scrofula or King's Evil,
Debility,	Sore Throats,
Dropsy,	Stone and Gravel,
Dysentery,	Secondary Symptoms,
Erysipelas,	Tic-Douloureux,
Female Irregularities,	Tumours,
Fevers of all kinds,	Ulcers,
Fits,	Venereal Affections,
Gout,	Worms of all kinds,
Head-ache,	Weakness from what ever cause.
digestion,	

☞CAUTION!—None genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*,*Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cts and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Nov. 18, 1859.

FOR SALE,
OR TRADE,

A first-rate farm of limestone land, in Morrison's Cove, containing about 131 acres, 100 of which are cleared and balance well timbered. The farm is well watered. The improvements are a good two story Frame House, Log House, Barn, &c. There is a good orchard upon the premises. The farm adjoins Bloomfield Furnace, lies half a mile from the Hollidaysburg Turnpike, and four miles from Martinsburg. There is a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. For particulars inquire of David Daniel, in possession, or George Clough, at Spang's Mills.

—ALSO—

A Grist-mill property in Harman's Bottom, now owned by Lewis N. Fyan. The mill is a large frame with two overshot wheels and four run of stone; in good order, and in a good settlement, with a sufficient supply of water. The farm contains nearly 400 acres; about 100 alluvial soil, and cleared; and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a large brick house, tenant house, miller's house, barn, distillery, &c. The farm can be divided without disadvantage. Terms reasonable.

—ALSO—

A tract of land in St. Clair tp., containing 93 acres, or thereabouts, about 55 acres cleared, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant-house and two log stables thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Keefe, Jacob Semler and others; formerly the property of George Kimberlin.

—ALSO—

a Farm of 166 acres, about 100 cleared, with Double Log House, New Bank Barn, and two good orchards thereon, lying on the Juniata River, two miles from Stonerstown, and half a mile from the rail road. This farm is composed of a good quality of river bottom land, 30 or 40 acres of which can be put into good meadow. The whole is now in a good state of cultivation.

—ALSO—

A farm of 118 acres of limestone land in Liberty Township near Stonerstown, known as the "John Stoler property," adjoining lands of 'Squire Kensinger, Stoler and others. The improvements are a Log House, Log Barn &c. There is good water on the premises, also an orchard of good fruit.

—ALSO—

A new two-story Rough-cast House and two lots of ground in Broadtop city.

—ALSO—

160 acres of the best quality of land in Harrison county, Iowa, near the Missouri, and close to the county seat.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground in Omaha city, Nebraska.

—ALSO—

100 acres of land, in Southampton Township, Bedford county, lately owned by Wm. Lashley.

TERMS to suit buyers.

O. E. SHANNON,
Jan 27, 1860 Bedford, Pa

PRUNES FROM 12½ TO 25 CENTS A POUND, for sale by
july26,'60. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

BLASTING POWDER AND SAFETY FUSES, for sale at
july20,'60. A. L. DEFIBAUGH'S.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.

WHEREAS, William Nycum, late of Monroe tp, Bedford co., died, seized of the following described Real Estate, to wit: One tract of land containing two hundred and thirty nine acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Barnaid Clabaugh, William Cornell, John Fletcher and Leonard Nycum's heirs, situate in said township,

Leaving issue the following heirs and legal representatives, to wit; Leonard Nycum, John Nycum, the petitioner, residing in Bedford county, Barnard Nycum, and Upton Nycum, residing in Allegheny co., Md., Wilson Nycum and Andrew Nycum residing in Bedford co.,

NOTICE is, therefore, hereby given, that in pursuance of a writ of Partition or Valuation, to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition or Valuation, on said premises, on Tuesday, the 31st day of July, 1860, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, June 15th, 1860. } WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

BEDFORD MACHINE SHOP!

THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:

FOUR AND SIX HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES,

with large open cylinders, six staves, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superiors for strength and speed are not made in this or any other County in the State.

Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap Power Machine, with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working, this machine has no superior any where. THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind. Two and three Horse Tumbling Shaft Power Machines, a very convenient and excellent machine for small farmers, with or without shakers, single and double shovel Ploughs, Horse Rakes, Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows and Wheelbarrows, made to order.

All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.

Repairing of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.

Castings for all my machines, made at the Foundry of Shires & Jordan, in Bedford, and will compare with any made in the State for strength and durability. Blacksmithing done to order. All my work warranted to give satisfaction.

From a past experience of overtwenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.

Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.

PETER H. SHIRES,
June 8, 1860.–6m. Machinist.

BEDFORD COUNTY, ss.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1860, before the Judges of said court:—

On motion of O. E. Shannon, Esq., the court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Jacob Snell, late of East Providence tp., dec'd., to wit: Maria, intermarried with Jonathan Statler, residing in Story county, Iowa, Jacob Snell, residing in Carroll county, Ill., George Snell, residing in Penn'a, Caroline, intermarried with Jacob H. Barndollar, now deceased, residing in Blair co., Pa., Christopher Snell, residing in Bedford county, Caroline and Catharine Manspeaker, children of Catharine Manspeaker, dec'd, of whom O. E. Shannon is guardian, and David Manspeaker, another heir of said Catharine, who is a minor and has no guardian, residing in Carroll county, Illinois, and Wm. Snell residing in Bedford county, Pa., [said Wm. Snell holds by purchase, the interest of all said heirs, except Maria Statler, Caroline Barndollar and David Manspeaker] to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, in and for said county of Bedford, on the first Monday, third day of September, A. D., 1860, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased, at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation, issued out of said court, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

And now, to wit, In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said court, at Bedford, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1860.

ATTEST: WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff. SAM'L. H. TATE, Clerk.

June 22, 1860.

BEDFORD COUNTY, ss.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1860, before the Judges of the said court,

On motion of G. H. Spang, Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Henry Wolford, late of Londonderry township, dec'd., to wit: Jacob Wolford, who has conveyed his share to Leonard Bitner, George Wolford, residing in Bedford county, Michael Wolford, residing in Fayette county, Pa., Joseph Wolford residing in Somerset co., Pa., Hannah, intermarried with Adam Shroyer, residing in Allegheny co., Md., Mary Wolford, residing in Bedford county, Susanna, intermarried with Solomon Smith, residing in Bedford county, Catharine intermarried with John Stokes, residing in Cedar county, Iowa, Barbara, who was intermarried with John Devore, in Ohio, since dead, leaving issue two children, to wit, Hannah and Henry, residing in Ohio, and Adam Wolford who is dead, leaving issue three children, residing in Ohio, to wit; Josiah, Elizabeth and Simon Wolford, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said county of Bedford, on the first Monday, third day of September, A. D., 1860, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

And now, to wit, In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1860.

ATTEST: WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff. SAM'L. H. TATE, Clerk.

ESTATE OF NICHOLAS KEGG, DEC'D. Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford County, upon the Estate of Nicholas Kegg Esq. late of Juniata Township dec'd, all persons indebted to said Estate are here notified that they will be required to make immediate payment and those having claims against the Estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. GILLESPIE.

Juniata Tp., June 22d, '60.

A SELECT SCHOOL

For teaching the primary and higher English branches, will be opened by the subscriber in the newly furnished and beautiful rooms of the Union School-House, on Monday, the 13th day of August next. No more pupils will be taken than can receive every attention.

TERMS—From $2 to $5 per quarter, according to branches pursued. The patronage of the citizens of Bedford and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Applications should be made immediately.

J. W. DICKERSON.

June 22d, 1860.

NOTICE.—The Pamphlet Laws for 1860 have been received, and are now ready for distribution.—Justices of the Peace and others entitled to them, will call at the Prothonotary's office, and procure a copy.

S. H. TATE.
July 20th, 1860. Prot.

MACCARONI, CHEESE, CRACKERS, CRYSTALIZED Fruit and Gum Candies for sale by
july20. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

A LOT OF PURE MAPLE SUGAR, FOR SALE by
july 20, '60. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

THE CHAMPION BELT AWARDED TO J. REED & CO.

FOR SELLING THE CHEAPEST AND BEST GOODS!

The undersigned would inform their friends and customers, that they have just received from the Eastern cities, a large and well selected stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which they are determined to sell at the lowest "living" prices. All kinds of summer wear, from the finest to the commonest, ladies' dress goods of every description, fancy goods, and everything usually kept in dry goods stores (and, perhaps, something besides) groceries, queensware, &c., &c., can now be found at their store in every variety and assortment.

THEIR SHOE DEPARTMENT

is well supplied with the best stock that can be obtained. For style as well as durability, they cannot be surpassed in this line.

TERMS: Cheap for cash, or approved country produce, or six months credit to punctual dealers Give us a call, and you shall be waited upon with pleasure.

J. REED & CO.

May 4th, '60.

$2.50. **$2.50.**

Pure Pearl Snow White Lead. Only $2.50 per keg of 25 lbs.

PAINT AND OIL
PAINT AND OIL
VARNISH.
VARNISH.
OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT.
OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT.
PAINT, ALL COLORS.
PAINT, ALL COLORS.
BRUSHES,
BRUSHES,

AT HARTLEY'S.
AT HARTLEY'S.

Hardware of all kinds. All articles Warranted as represented. Fair profits asked, but will not be undersold by any one. TERMS, AS AGREED UPON.

CASH BUYERS ALWAYS FAVORED.

Try Hartley before you send off for your Hard ware, Iron, Nails or Paints. (April 6, 1860.)

SIMON L. SHAFER. ADAM FERGUSON

EVERY DAY BRINGS SOMETHING NEW! ANOTHER NEW FIRM!!

FERGUSON & SHAFER, at the former stand of Ferguson & Manspeaker, are now ready to wait on old customers as well as new. They expect to sell very low for cash and produce, or to those who will foot up every six months. Their

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

And all other goods usually kept in stores, have been carefully selected, and bought at prices enabling them to sell at reduced rates. Their SHOE DEPARTMENT,

contains every variety of shoes and boots for men, women and children.

They invite a fair share of the public patronage from their friends and the public, and particularly solicit the trade of their country friends, expecting to deal fairly with them and all others at ONE PRICE for every body. [April 27,'60.]

G. R. OSTER. SAMUEL CARN.

OSTER & CARN.

Cheap-side, Bedford, Pa.

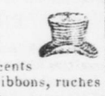
WE have the pleasure to announce to our friends, and customers, that we are now receiving an immense stock of New and Cheap

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

comprising medium styles, gay and plain DRESS GOODS, in part, silk foulards, poil de chevres, mohair plaids, ristoria cloth, poplins, lustres, brilliants challie de lains, pongees, chintzes, lawns, lavellas, de lains at 10, 12, 15, 18 and 25 cts, piles of Muslins by the piece and yard at 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 cts, pantaloon stuffs in great variety at 10, 12, 15, 18, and 25 cts, cloths, cassimeres and tweeds, cassinetts and jeans all colors, silk, satin and marseilles vestings, cottonades, linen ducks and drillings gents' new styles, shirts, collars, stocks, neck ties, hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, &c.. marseilles and linen shirt fronts, fine shirt fronts at 12½ warranted not all linen.



HATS AND CAPS,



For the million, from 10 cents up, bonnets, bloomers and shakers, ribbons, ruches and flowers, very cheap.



BOOTS AND SHOES.



Cheap as the cheapest. Glass, china and queensware.

Fresh supply of GROCERIES, superior green and black teas, prime Rio, La Guayra and Ceara coffee. Nice brown sugar at 8, 9 and 10 cts, baking molasses at 10 and 12 cts. per quart, best golden syrup at 18 and 20 cts per quart, Baker's cocoa, corn starch, extracts and spices of all kinds.

We invite every person to call and see. No trouble to show goods.

TERMS. Prompt settlement by cash, produce or note every January.

April 27, 1860.

MENGEL HOUSE, JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Bedford, April 20, 1860.

1860. NEW GOODS! 1860.

THE undersigned have just received their usual supply of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

and would respectfully invite all in search of real bargains to call and examine our stock and prices.

All kinds of country produce will be received for goods at cash prices.

TERMS:—Six months credit. Prompt settlements required by cash or note every January.

This system has given our customers every satisfaction; and sustained by their kind and continued patronage, we shall adhere to this rule strictly.

May 18. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

BEDFORD COUNTY, ss.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Sarah Grove, Executrix of the last will and testament of Simon Grove, late of Bedford county, deceasad:

On petition of James Mullin, Guardian of the minor children of Jeremiah Grove, dec'd., and on motion of A. King, Esq., we command you that laying aside all business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person, before the Judges of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, at a court to be holden at Bedford on the first Monday third day of September next and show cause why you should not give security as executrix and why you should not settle an account of your administration on the estate of said dec'd.

Witness the HON. F. M. KIMMELL, ESQ. President of our said court, at Bedford, this 30th day of April, A. D. 1860.

ATTEST: WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff. SAM'L. H. TATE, Clerk.

June 22d, 1860.

Bedford Hotel.

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

D. BORDER,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils. &c. &c.

April 27, 185[illegible]

Iron City College

CHEAPEST! BEST!! LARGEST!!!

$35.00

Pays for Tuition in Single and Double Entry Book Keeping, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.

BOARD 8 WEEKS $20, *STATIONARY* $7.

ENTIRE EXPENSES $62.

Usual time from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed competent to manage the books of any business, and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1000

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premiums for Best Business Writing for 1856, received at Pittsburg, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fairs. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.

☞Ministers' Sons received at half price.

For Circulars, Specimens and Embellished Views of the College, inclose five letter stamps to

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.

Jan. 13, 1860.

GOOD NEWS! THE TRAIN HAS ARRIVED!

J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO., have received a very LARGE, WELL SELECTED AND CHEAP stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which they are determined to sell cheap; consisting, in part, of Black and Fancy Silks, Bombazines, Delaines, Shawls, Calicoes, Flannels, Ginghams, Muslins, White Goods, &c. ALSO, Men's Wear of all descriptions, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinwetts, Teeds, Jeans, Cord Drillings, Clothing, &c.



BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

A very large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes, all prices, sizes and qualities; and Hats and Caps to suit all.

ALSO, A large assortment of Queensware, and Cardware, Single and Double Carpet chain, Fleece Hotton, Carpets, &c.

GROCERIES!

This department is supplied with the very choicest articles that can be had in the market, and as cheap as can be had anywhere, consisting in part, of prime Rio Coffee, Sugar, all kinds and prices, Syrup and Molasses, Black and Green Teas, Spices, Rice, Tobacco, Segars, Corn-starch, Dye-stuffs, Cocoa, Starch, Cheese, Ginger, Candles, Mustard, Paints and Oils, Turpentine, Fish, &c., &c. Thankful for past favors they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

To Cash Buyers and to persons of undoubted standing, who are willing to settle once a year, Great Bargains will be given. Call and see.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.

March 30, 1860.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE

REV. JOHN LYON, T. LYTTLETON LYON, A. M., } PRINCIPALS.

THE Summer session of this institution will open on Friday, the 4th day of May 1860.

It is the design of the Principals, to make this Academy, in all respects, a first class Institution, for the thorough instruction of youth of both sexes, and to prepare them for any profession or position in life.

The high moral and scientific tone of the school is well known to this community, and a strict discipline will be enforced.

A few boys, (the number is limited to ten,) will be received into the family of the Principals, as boarders.

The beauty of the scenery and the salubrity of the climate render Bedford a most desirable location for such a school.

Persons from abroad, visiting at the Springs, can be near their children during the summer.

It is desirable that pupils should enter at the commencement of the session, and no pupil will be received for less than one quarter.

TERMS. $200 per year, including boarding, washing, fuel, light, and Tuition in all the branches.

Terms for day scholars:

Per Quarter. $6.—English Branches. $7.50, Classical do &c.

June 10,'59.

BEST! CHEAPEST!! COMMERCIAL SCHOOL IN THE LAND!!!

W. P TOTTEN, desires to inform the public that he has just opened a commercial department in the Allegheny Male and Female Seminary. He would respectfully advise the community that Book keeping, ornamental Penmanship, Card Writing and everything pertaining to a commercial education are now taught in the above named Institution. Tuition for single entry and farmer's set $2.50. Double entry and Mechanic's set, $4.50 per quarter. with the advantage of all the lectures.—Enter at any time.—Diplomas awarded at the completion of a full course.

June 1, 1860.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

S. E. Cor. 11th & Market Sts., PHILADELPHIA

W. KANAGA, M. McVEY, } PROPRIETORS.

Feb. 3, 1860.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

RAINSBURG, Pa.

FACULTY.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B., Principal, Prof. of Languages and Philosophy.
Wm. S. Smith, Prof. of Mathematics.
Jas. H. Miller, Adjunct Prof. of Mathematics.
Rev. B. F. Stevens, Lecturer on Moral Philosophy &c.
Wm. A. Stephens, Prof. of English Grammar &c.
Dr. J. Hughes, Lecturer on Anatomy &c.
Mrs. E. V. Osborne, Preceptress, Teacher of Drawing French, Botany &c.
B. F. Drott, Prof. of Instrumental Music.

Price of Tuition for term of 11 weeks.

Common English Branches	$3 25
Higher Branches, including common, each	80
Latin and Greek, each	2 00
German and French, each	2 50
Book-keeping and Commercial calculations	1 50
ORNAMENTAL.	
Drawing	2 50
Colored crayon, and water colors, each	3 00
Oil painting	5 00
Hair and wax flowers, each	3 00
Pellis work	3 00
Embroidery	1 50
Piano music, with use of instrument	10 00

Board $1 75 per week including room rent, fuel, furniture &c. This is one of the best, and cheapest institutions in the country. The whole expense per term need not be more than twenty-five dollars.—Second Quarter of summer session commences April the 5th, 1860.

Teachers will be instructed free of charge in the Normal Department.

For particulars, address the Principal.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B.
Rainsburg, Bedford co., April 22, 1859.

DRUGS AND BOOKS

H. C. REAMER,

Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.

(At the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C Reamer.)



WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnish tine, Window Glass, Glassware



received, a large stock of American, French and English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fine Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonics, Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

UNION HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he still keeps the Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all friends and the travelling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.

June 3, 1859.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, BEDFORD, PA.

MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

J. W. SCOTT.

(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott.)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store and SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

No. 814 Chestnut Street,

(Nearly opposite the GIRARD HOUSE,)

PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. SCOTT, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guarantied. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS.

October, 8, 1859–1y.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE.

Three tracts of very choice farm land, containing 160 acres in each tract, situate on the Illinois Centrla R. R. in Champaign co., State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and 1 mile from Rentual Station on said road. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never failing pond of water. The city of Urbana contains a population of 3000. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing country in the State.

Address, F. C. REAMER,
Bedford, Pa.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

GREAT WESTERN INS. & TRUST COMPANY.

Capital and available assets, over $300,000 Fire, Inland and Marine Cargo risks taken on the most favorable terms.

C. C. LATHROP, Pres't.
JAMES WRIGHT, Sec'y.
[aug. 15, '59.] JOHN P. REED, Agent.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Aschom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted aqual to the best Eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASCHOM.

Nov. 11, 1859

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONARY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17,'59.–1y.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.

MANHOOD. HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

Just Published, in a sealed Envelope,

On the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness and Involuntary Emissions, Impotency and Mental and Physical Incapacity.

BY ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,
Author of "The Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine and without dangerous Surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 480 first Avenue, New York Post Box 4586.

Jan. 20,1 0.

TO MILL OWNERS!—S. D. BROAD has made Schellsburg his permanent residence, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Mill Wright line, on the most approved and durable plans, and reasonable terms.

He has on hand the most improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Brushes, Anchor Bolting Cloths, both new and old, at city prices. Mill Burs can be procured from him and shipped to any point.

Also—Agent for McCormick's Reaper and Mower for Bedford and Blair Counties.

S. D. BROAD.

Schellsburg, Bedford Co., March 4, 1859.

American Life Insurance & Trust Co.

CAPITAL Stock, $500,000.

COMPANY'S BUILDING, WALNUT STREET,

S. E. CORNER OF FOURTH, PHILADELPHIA.

LIFE insurance at the usual mutual rates, at about 20 per cent less, or at total abstinence rates, at the lowest in the world.

J. C. SIMS, Secretary. A. WHILLDIN, President.
JOHN J. SCHELL, Agent.
Jan. 27, 1860. Bedford, Pa.

BEDFORD COUNTY MAP.

I Will make a directory map of Bedford County from actual surveys, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be raised to justify me in the enterprise.

The map will be large and well finished and will show the location of all the public roads streams, boundary lines, towns, villages, Hotels, Churches, School Houses, Post Offices, stores, grist mills, saw mills &c., &c., and will contain the names of all the property holders, and show the busines that almost each one is engaged in. I will put on the same sheet maps of all the towns and large villages, also tables and statistics of the County and (if taken in time) the census of 1860. Pains will be taken to make it as reliable as any Map in the State.

July 1,'59. EDW'D. L. WALKER.

SAVE COSTS!—All persons still indebted to the firm of OSTER, MANSPEAKER & CARN, by Account or Note, are respectfully, yet most earnestly asked to make immediate payment, and thus save cost. The Books, Notes and effects of the firm are in the hands of Oster & Carn.

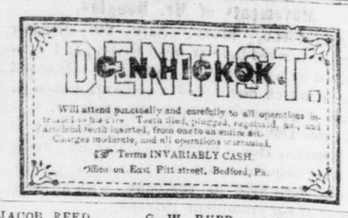
After the 1st day of August, 1860, cost will be added, without further notice, except by special agreement.

June 8, 1860.–2m.

NOTICE.—Whereas a certain Margery Menges of Napier tp., Bedford county, claims to be my wedded wife, I hereby notify the public that such is not the fact; that she never stood in any such relation to me, nor does she now; and I caution all persons against harboring her, or dealing with her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts of her contracting.

G. W. SIGLER.

Bedford Tp., June 22d.



JACOB REED. G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOB MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	"	"
R. FORWARD,	Somerset,	"
BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phil	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		"

Commonwealth Insurance Company.

UNION BUILDINGS, THIRD STREET,

HARRISBURG, PA.

CHARTERED CAPITAL, $300,000.

Insure buildings or other property against loss or damage by Fire.

—ALSO—

AGAINST PERILS OF THE SEA, INLAND NAVIGATIN & TRANSPORTATION.

DIRECTORS:

SIMON CAMERON,	GEO. M. LAUMAN,	WM. DOCK,
JAMES FOX,	GEO. BERGNER,	BENJ. PARKE,
WM. H. KEPNER,	A. B. WARFORD,	W. F. MURRY,
F. K. BOAS,	J. H. BERRYHILL,	W. F. PACKER,
ELI SLIFER.		

OFFICERS:

SIMON CAMERON, President.
BENJAMIN PARKE, Vice-President.
S. S. CARRIER, Secretary.
J. W. LINGENFELTER, Agent, Bedford, Pa. Office on Juliana Street.

Oct. 21, 1859.–1y.

Pennsylvania Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH,

OFFICE, NO 63 FOURTH STREET.

Capital And Surplus over $150,000. 00.

DIRECTORS.

Jacob Painter, C. A. Colton, N. Voeghtly,
Rody Patterson, A. A. Carrier, I. G. Sproul,
Henry Sproul, A. J. Jones, G. W. Smith,
W. Hampton, Rob't Patrick, J. H. Hopkins.

This Company has paid losses from the date of its incorporation in 1854, up to May, 1859, to amount of $302,835, 07, in addition to regular semi-annual Dividends of from 5 to 15 per cent affording evidence of its stability and usefulness.

LOSSES LIBERALLY ADJUSTED, AND PROMPTLY PAID.

A. A. CARRIER, Pres't. I. G. SPROUL, Sec'y.
J. J. Lingenfelter, Agent. Office at Bedford Pa.
September 2, 1859.–1yr.

CESSNA & SHANNON—HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

O. H. GAITHER—ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEFFORD, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt street, two doors east of the Gazette office. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him. [Nov. 4, '59.]

J. C. DICKEN—Attorney at Law, Pittsburg, Pa

WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

July 1, 1859.–1y.

JOHN BORDER—GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notifiy the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

MANN & SPANG—ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate. JOB MANN

Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. F. C. REAMER—RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. J. K. BERKEBILE,

St. Clairsville,

BEDFORD CO., PA.,

Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens that place and vicinity. [jan 13, 1860]

TO BUILDERS.—The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths.—Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice. F. D. BEEGLE.